## Beyond the Tip of the Iceberg: Assessing Coherence of Text Classifiers

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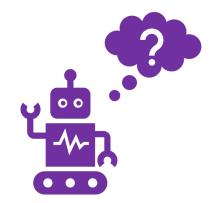


Findings of EMNLP 2021 Short Paper



### Introduction

• Today, language understanding is often boiled down to **high-level** classification tasks



## **Textual Entailment**

#### Dialog:

...

A<sub>1</sub>: Yeah, yeah. Is that why you like aerobics classes, because you're not, sort of, someone else is doing the counting for you, so,
B<sub>1</sub>: Yeah.

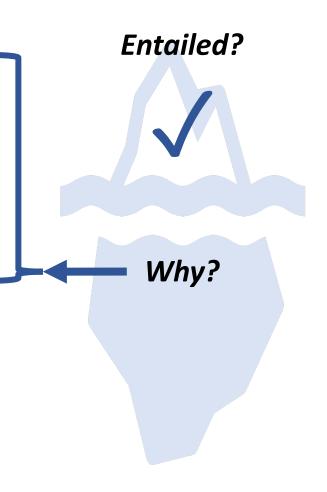
**B<sub>2</sub>:** And, someone else is telling me, okay, you know, let's move this way, let's move that way,

A<sub>2</sub>: Uh-huh, uh-huh.

**B**<sub>3</sub>: instead of me having to think about it so much.

#### Hypothesis:

Speaker **B** likes the aspect of Aerobics that someone else is leading.



## Coherence

#### **Dialog:**

A<sub>1</sub>: Well, ironically enough I'm sitting here with a cast on my leg because <u>I resumed an</u> <u>aerobics class</u> the night before last.

**B**<sub>1</sub>: Oh, no.

A2: I ripped the ligaments in my right ankle.

#### Hypothesis:

Speaker A ripped the ligaments in her ankle at aerobics class.



Strict Coherence: all spans correct

Lenient Coherence: average accuracy on spans

## **Empirical Results**

• Despite high accuracy from SOTA text classifiers, we see <u>significant</u> drops from accuracy to coherence across the board!

| Model                    | Accuracy (%) | <b>Strict Coherence</b> ( $\Delta$ ; %) | <b>Lenient Coherence</b> $(\Delta; \%)$ |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|---|
| majority                 | 57.8         | -                                       | _                                       |
| BERT                     | 55.8         | 28.5 (-27.3)                            | 35.7 (-20.1)                            |
| ROBERTA                  | 70.9         | 39.0 (-31.9)                            | 47.5 (-23.4)                            |
| $\hookrightarrow + MNLI$ | 78.5         | 50.6 (-27.9)                            | 58.2 (-20.3)                            |
| DEBERTA                  | 67.4         | 37.2 (-30.2)                            | 45.2 (-22.2)                            |

CE, test:

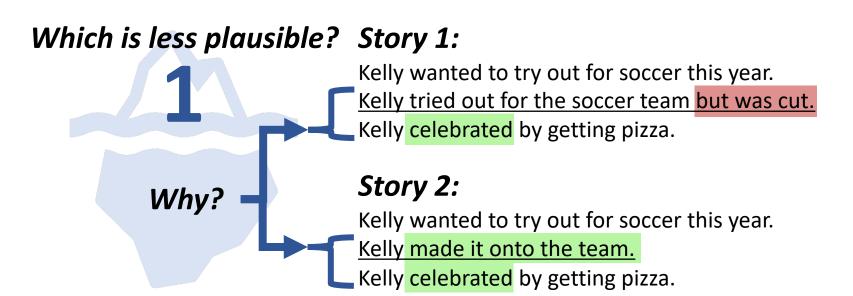
Devlin, J., Chang, M., Lee, K., & Toutanova, K. (2019). BERT: Pre-Training of Deep Bidirectional Transformers for Language Understanding. NAACL HLT 2019.

Liu, Y., Ott, M., Goyal, N., Du, J., Joshi, M., Chen, D., Levy, O., Lewis, M., Zettlemoyer, L., & Stoyanov, V. (2019). RoBERTa: A Robustly Optimized BERT Pretraining Approach. arXiv: 1907.11692

Williams, A., Nangia, N., & Bowman, S.R. (2018). A Broad-Coverage Challenge Corpus for Sentence Understanding through Inference. NAACL HLT 2017.

He, P., Liu, X., Gao, J., & Chen, W. (2021). DeBERTa: Decoding-enhanced BERT with Disentangled Attention. arXiv: 2006.03654.

## Abductive Reasoning in narrative Texts (ART)



## **Empirical Results**

• Despite high accuracy from SOTA text classifiers, we see <u>significant</u> drops from accuracy to coherence across the board!

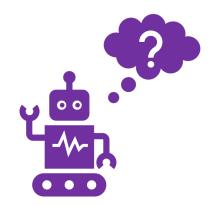
| Model                      | Accuracy (%)                              | Strict Coherence $(\Delta; \%)$              | Lenient Coherence ( $\Delta$ ; %)            |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| majority                   | 55.0 (50.1)                               | _  | –  |
| BERT<br>Roberta<br>Deberta | 66.7 (66.7)<br>87.8 (84.2)<br>88.4 (85.7) | 42.3 (-24.4)<br>55.0 (-32.8)<br>59.8 (-28.6) | 43.7 (-23.0)<br>59.3 (-28.5)<br>61.8 (-26.6) |

ART, validation:

Bhagavatula, C., Le Bras, R., Malaviya, C., Sakaguchi, K., Holtzman, A., Rashkin, H., Downey, D., Yih, S.W., & Choi, Y. (2020). Abductive commonsense reasoning. In ICLR 2020. Devlin, J., Chang, M., Lee, K., & Toutanova, K. (2019). BERT: Pre-Training of Deep Bidirectional Transformers for Language Understanding. NAACL HLT 2019. Liu, Y., Ott, M., Goyal, N., Du, J., Joshi, M., Chen, D., Levy, O., Lewis, M., Zettlemoyer, L., & Stoyanov, V. (2019). RoBERTa: A Robustly Optimized BERT Pretraining Approach. arXiv: 1907.11692 He, P., Liu, X., Gao, J., & Chen, W. (2021). DeBERTa: Decoding-enhanced BERT with Disentangled Attention. arXiv: 2006.03654.

## Conclusion

- We proposed a quick, effective, and versatile paradigm for measuring the coherence of a text classifier's predictions
  - Unlock strong insights from small amount of annotation!



# Thank you!





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